

which is nowhere, not even here, described in print. This strikingly characteristic achene years ago led some of us to think that our specimens of this *Carex* must belong to a new species because such an achene was nowhere described, but examination of specimens of *C. Tuckermanii* revealed the fact that this queer achene was characteristic of that species.

There are 1036 figures in all, and each is a work of both science and art.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

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HEDEOMA HISPIDA IN CONNECTICUT.— During the recent meeting of the Connecticut Botanical Society at Putnam, Connecticut, I was fortunate enough to discover a quantity of *Hedeoma hispida* Pursh. growing near the Quinebaug River. Although the individual plants were mostly small (5–10 cm. tall), they could be gathered by the handful over an area of an acre or more. The station is in open ground and the soil is a sandy alluvium on the flood-plain of the river, thus offering conditions in some measure similar to those in the native habitat of the plant on the western plains. The woolen mills of the town suggest themselves as the means of its introduction. This seems to be the first record of the species in Connecticut but Mr. W. W. Eggleston has reported its occurrence in Vermont (RHODORA 6:142) and Mr. C. A. Weatherby informs me that there is in the herbarium of the New England Botanical Club a specimen of the same plant collected at Reading, Massachusetts, in 1887 by W. H. Manning and described by him as “a weed in gardens.” — E. B. HARGER, Oxford, Connecticut.

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